2D SESSION	117TH CONGRESS 2D SESSION	S.	
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To amend the Higher Education Relief Opportunities for Students Act of 2003 to strike the Secretary's unilateral authority during a national emergency, and for other purposes.

IN THE SENATE OF THE UNITED STATES

Mr.	Thune (for himself, Mr. Burr, Mr. Braun, Mr. Cassidy, and Mr. Mar-
	SHALL) introduced the following bill; which was read twice and referred
	to the Committee on

A BILL

- To amend the Higher Education Relief Opportunities for Students Act of 2003 to strike the Secretary's unilateral authority during a national emergency, and for other purposes.
 - 1 Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representa-
 - 2 tives of the United States of America in Congress assembled,
 - 3 SECTION 1. SHORT TITLE.
 - 4 This Act may be cited as the "Stop Reckless Student
 - 5 Loan Actions Act of 2022".
 - 6 SEC. 2. FINDINGS.
 - 7 Congress finds the following:

1	(1) The Higher Education Relief Opportunities
2	for Students Act of 2003 (20 U.S.C. 1098aa et seq.)
3	was intended to provide relief opportunities for
4	members of the armed services.
5	(2) The authority provided under the Higher
6	Education Relief Opportunities for Students Act of
7	2003 has been abused by the Executive Branch dur-
8	ing the COVID-19 national emergency regarding the
9	payment of Federal student loans.
10	(3) The unilateral payment pause on Federal
11	student loans has cost \$100,000,000,000.
12	(4) The individuals benefitting the most from
13	the payment pause continued by the Executive
14	Branch are doctors, who receive 11 times the benefit
15	of bachelor's degree recipients and 14 times the ben-
16	efit of associate's degree recipients.
17	SEC. 3. AMENDMENTS TO THE HIGHER EDUCATION RELIEF
18	OPPORTUNITIES FOR STUDENTS ACT OF 2003.
19	Section 5(2) of the Higher Education Relief Opportu-
20	nities for Students Act of 2003 (20 U.S.C. 1098ee) is
21	amended—
22	(1) in the matter preceding subparagraph (A),
23	by inserting "(or the spouse or dependent of the
24	parent, as that term is used in section 480 of the

1	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1087vv))"
2	after "an individual";
3	(2) in subparagraph (A), by inserting "and"
4	after the semicolon;
5	(3) in subparagraph (B), by striking the semi-
6	colon and inserting a period; and
7	(4) by striking subparagraphs (C) and (D).
8	SEC. 4. HIGHER EDUCATION RELIEF OPPORTUNITIES FOR
9	CIVILIANS IN THE CASE OF A NATIONAL
10	EMERGENCY AND LIMITATIONS ON COVERED
11	LOANS.
12	(a) Temporary Authority for Higher Edu-
13	CATION RELIEF.—
14	(1) In general.—Subject to the limitation
15	provided in subsection (c), during the 90 day period
16	after a declaration of a national emergency under
17	section 201 of the National Emergencies Act (50
18	U.S.C. 1621), the Secretary of Education may sus-
19	pend or defer Federal student loan payments or the
20	accrual of interest for loans made, insured or guar-
21	anteed under part B, D, or E of title IV of the
22	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1071 et
23	seq.; 1087a et seq.; 1087aa et seq.) or loans under

1	(2) Limitation.—The Secretary of Education
2	may not use the temporary authority provided under
3	paragraph (1) in consecutive 90 day periods.
4	(b) RECOMMENDATIONS FOR HIGHER EDUCATION
5	RELIEF FROM THE SECRETARY OF EDUCATION.— In the
6	case of a national emergency declared by the President
7	under section 201 of the National Emergencies Act (50
8	U.S.C. 1621), the Secretary of Education shall submit to
9	the Committee on Health, Education, Labor, and Pen-
10	sions of the Senate and the Committee on Education and
11	Labor of the House of Representatives, not later than 60
12	days after the date of such declaration, a report that in-
13	cludes any recommendations on relief necessary for recipi-
14	ents of student financial assistance under title IV of the
15	Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1070 et seq.).
16	(e) Limits on Executive Authority to Suspend
17	OR DEFER FEDERAL STUDENT LOAN PAYMENTS OR IN-
18	TEREST.—
19	(1) In General.—Notwithstanding any other
20	provision of law, the President or the Secretary of
21	Education may not suspend or defer Federal student
22	loan payments on covered loans or the accrual of in-
23	terest on covered loans of borrowers with annual
24	household incomes over 400 percent of the poverty
25	line (as determined under the poverty guidelines up-

1	dated periodically in the Federal Register by the De-
2	partment of Health and Human Services under the
3	authority of section 673(2) of the Community Serv-
4	ices Block Grant Act (42 U.S.C. 9902(2))).
5	(2) Application of congressional review
6	ACT.—In any case where the President or the Sec-
7	retary of Education suspends or defers Federal stu-
8	dent loan payments on covered loans or the accrual
9	of interest on covered loans through any type of ex-
10	ecutive or regulatory action, the suspension or defer-
11	ral shall be—
12	(A) deemed to be a major rule for purposes
13	of chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code
14	(commonly known as the "Congressional Review
15	Act''); and
16	(B) subject to congressional disapproval in
17	accordance with such chapter.
18	(d) Limits on Executive Authority to Cancel
19	STUDENT LOANS.—
20	(1) In general.—Notwithstanding any other
21	provisions of law, the President or the Secretary of
22	Education may not cancel the outstanding balances,
23	or a portion of the balances, on covered loans due
24	to the COVID-19 national emergency or any other
25	national emergency.

1	(2) Application of congressional review
2	ACT.—In any case where the President or the Sec-
3	retary of Education cancels the outstanding bal-
4	ances, or portion of the balances, on covered loans
5	through any type of executive or regulatory action,
6	the cancellation shall be—
7	(A) deemed to be a major rule for purposes
8	of chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code
9	(commonly known as the "Congressional Review
10	Act''); and
11	(B) subject to congressional disapproval in
12	accordance with such chapter.
13	(e) Implementation.—
14	(1) Regarding suspensions or deferments
15	OF FEDERAL STUDENT LOAN PAYMENTS ONGOING
16	AT THE TIME OF ENACTMENT.—Not later than the
17	effective date of this Act, any suspension or
18	deferment of Federal student loan payments on cov-
19	ered loans due to the COVID-19 national emergency
20	shall terminate. Notwithstanding any other provision
21	of law, a subsequent suspension or deferment of
22	Federal student loan payments on covered loans for
23	the COVID-19 national emergency shall be prohib-
24	ited.

1	(2) Regarding cancellation of student
2	LOANS PRIOR TO EFFECTIVE DATE.—Any cancella-
3	tion of the outstanding balance, or portion of a bal-
4	ance, on a covered loan made by the President or
5	Secretary of Education through any type of execu-
6	tive or regulatory action in the 30 days before the
7	effective date of this Act shall be—
8	(A) deemed to be a major rule for purposes
9	of chapter 8 of title 5, United States Code
10	(commonly known as the "Congressional Review
11	Act''); and
12	(B) subject to congressional disapproval in
13	accordance with such chapter.
14	(f) Definition of Covered Loan.—In this sub-
15	section, the term "covered loan" means a loan made, in-
16	sured, or guaranteed under part B, D, or E of title IV
17	of the Higher Education Act of 1965 (20 U.S.C. 1071
18	et seq.; 1087a et seq.; 1087aa et seq.) or a loan under
19	the Health Education Assistance Loan Program.
20	SEC. 5. EFFECTIVE DATE.
21	This Act, and the amendments made by this Act,
22	shall take effect on the date that is 30 days after the date
23	of enactment of this Act.